BILL REQUEST - CODE REVISER'S OFFICE

BILL REQ. #: S-0062.2/21 2nd draft

ATTY/TYPIST: JO:eab

BRIEF DESCRIPTION:

Concerning county of origin for individuals released to community custody by the department

of corrections.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to county of origin for individuals released to
- 2 community custody by the department of corrections; and amending RCW
- 3 72.09.270.

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- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 72.09.270 and 2008 c 231 s 48 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
 - (1) The department of corrections shall develop an individual reentry plan as defined in RCW 72.09.015 for every offender who is committed to the jurisdiction of the department except:
- 10 (a) Offenders who are sentenced to life without the possibility 11 of release or sentenced to death under chapter 10.95 RCW; and
- 12 (b) Offenders who are subject to the provisions of 8 U.S.C. Sec. 13 1227.
- 14 (2) The individual reentry plan may be one document, or may be a 15 series of individual plans that combine to meet the requirements of 16 this section.
- 17 (3) In developing individual reentry plans, the department shall assess all offenders using standardized and comprehensive tools to identify the criminogenic risks, programmatic needs, and educational and vocational skill levels for each offender. The assessment tool should take into account demographic biases, such as culture, age, Code Rev/JO:eab 1 S-0062.2/21 2nd draft

and gender, as well as the needs of the offender, including any learning disabilities, substance abuse or mental health issues, and social or behavior deficits.

- (4) (a) The initial assessment shall be conducted as early as sentencing, but, whenever possible, no later than forty-five days of being sentenced to the jurisdiction of the department of corrections.
- (b) The offender's individual reentry plan shall be developed as soon as possible after the initial assessment is conducted, but, whenever possible, no later than sixty days after completion of the assessment, and shall be periodically reviewed and updated as appropriate.
 - (5) The individual reentry plan shall, at a minimum, include:
- (a) A plan to maintain contact with the inmate's children and family, if appropriate. The plan should determine whether parenting classes, or other services, are appropriate to facilitate successful reunification with the offender's children and family;
- (b) An individualized portfolio for each offender that includes the offender's education achievements, certifications, employment, work experience, skills, and any training received prior to and during incarceration; and
- (c) A plan for the offender during the period of incarceration through reentry into the community that addresses the needs of the offender including education, employment, substance abuse treatment, mental health treatment, family reunification, and other areas which are needed to facilitate a successful reintegration into the community.
 - (6) (a) Prior to discharge of any offender, the department shall:
- (i) Evaluate the offender's needs and, to the extent possible, connect the offender with existing services and resources that meet those needs; and
- (ii) Connect the offender with a community justice center and/or community transition coordination network in the area in which the offender will be residing once released from the correctional system if one exists.
- 35 (b) If the department recommends partial confinement in an offender's individual reentry plan, the department shall maximize the period of partial confinement for the offender as allowed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.728 to facilitate the offender's transition to the community.

- (7) The department shall establish mechanisms for sharing information from individual reentry plans to those persons involved with the offender's treatment, programming, and reentry, when deemed appropriate. When feasible, this information shall be shared electronically.
- 6 (8)(a) In determining the county of discharge for an offender 7 released to community custody, the department may ((not)) approve a residence location that is not in the offender's county of origin 8 ((unless it is determined by the)) if the department determines that 9 the ((offender's return to his or her county of origin would be 10 inappropriate considering)) residence location would be appropriate 11 12 based on any court-ordered condition of the offender's sentence, victim safety concerns, ((negative influences on the offender in the 13 community, or the)) and factors that increase opportunities for 14 successful reentry and long-term support including, but not limited 15 16 to, location of family or other sponsoring persons or organizations 17 that will support the offender, availability of appropriate programming or treatment, and access to housing, employment, and 18 prosocial influences on the offender in the community. 19
 - (b) If the offender is not returned to his or her county of origin, the department shall provide the law and justice council of the county in which the offender is placed with a written explanation.
 - (c) (i) For purposes of this section, except as provided in (c) (ii) of this subsection, the offender's county of origin means the county of the offender's residence at the time of the offender's first felony conviction in Washington state.
 - (ii) If the offender is a homeless person as defined in RCW 43.185C.010, or the offender's residence is unknown, then the offender's county of origin means the county of the offender's first felony conviction in Washington state.
- 32 (9) Nothing in this section creates a vested right in programming, education, or other services.

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