Previous Bill

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
<u>5056</u> SSB	Establishing a	> Creates a special allegation for habitual property offenders requiring a	Padden	1/22/24 Ref'd to H CSJR
	special allegation	finding of fact.		
	for habitual	- Current offense is res burg, burg 2, theft 1 or 2, theft of a FA, unlawful		1/17/24 Passed Senate
	property	issuance of checks, org retail theft, theft w/special circumstances, mail theft;		(38-10-0-1)
	offenders.	- CHS is 9 or higher;		
		- At least 5 CHS points are from any combination of above mentioned		2/10/23 SGC voted CON
		offenses; or and		[The SGC opposes SSB
		- Person committed 3 or more property crimes within 180 days		5056 until the
		> Sentence enhancements:		Legislature resolved HB
		- Class B felony = 24 mos		1268 which addresses
		- Class C felony = 12 mos		enhancements.]
		- are at the discretion of the court mandatory and shall be served in total		
		confinement .		

New Crimes

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
2002 HB	Establishing	> Creates new offense when knowingly or intentionally combust or exhale	Low	H CSJR
	criminal penalties	fentanyl or meth smoke while in a public space and within 10 ft of another		
	for the public use	person or while inside an enclosed public space with another person.		
	of fentanyl or	- Offense is gross misd unless other person is under age 13, then offenses is		
	methamphetamine	class C felony, ranked at SL 2 on drug grid.		

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
2078 HB	Improving school safety by extending and increasing penalties for interference by, or intimidation by threat of, force or violence at schools and school-related athletic activities.	 > RCW 28B.10.570 - Increases the offense for Interfering by Force or Violent with Any Administrator, Faculty Member or Student from a gross misd to a class C felony (unr). > RCW 28B.10.571 - Increases the offense for Intimidating Any Administrator, Faculty Member or Student by Threat of Force or Violence from a gross misd to a class C felony (unr). 	Schmidt	H CSJR
2079 HB	Improving school safety by extending and increasing penalties for interference by, or intimidation by threat of, force or violence at schools and athletic activities.	 RCW 28A.635.090 - Increases the offense for Interference by Force or Violence an employee or contractor of public/private elementary or secondary school, student or official from a gross misd to a class C felony (unr). RCW 28A.635.100 - Increases the offense for Intimidating Any Administrator, Teacher, Classified Employee or Student by Threat of Force or Violent from a gross misd to a class C felony (unr). 	Schmidt	1/25/24 Hearing @ 8a H CSJR
2153 HB	Deterring the theft of catalytic converters.	 Eliminates all private metal property, now requiring all processors to be licensed. Creates a new gross misd for any person not a licensed scrap processor or licensed vehicle wrecker to Knowingly Possess, Sell, or Offer for Sale <5 <p>Detached Catalytic Converters that do not comply with the marking requirements under subsection 1. </p> Creates a new class C felony for any person not a licensed scrap processor or licensed vehicle wrecker to Possession, Sale, or Offering for Sale 5+ Detached Catalytic Converters that do not comply with the marking requirements under subsection 1. Ranks at SL 2. Creates a new class B felony for Trafficking in Catalytic Converters 1 when 5+ converters have been removed without fulfilling requirements for lawful 	Ryu	1/30 /24 Exec session H Consumer Prot & Business

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
		transfer or without possessing a valid scrap processor license. Ranks at SL 4. > Creates a new class C felony for Trafficking in Catalytic Converters 2 when >5 converters have been removed without fulfilling requirements for lawful transfer. Ranks at SL 3. > RCW 9A.82.010 - adds Trafficking in Catalytic Converts 1/2 to the definition of "Criminal Profiteering"		
2358 HB	Making obstructing highways a crime.	> NEW SECTION - creates a new gross misd for intentionally Obstructing Highways by walking, standing, etc. in a manner that blocks the ability of a vehicle to drive on a state highway. - If indiv is a leader or organizer of the people obstructing, it is a class C felony with a monetary penalty of at least \$5,000 which may not be reduced to less than \$1,000. > Creates a new class C felony for Obstructing Highways in Disregard for Public Safety with a minimum terms of 30 days and monetary penalty of at least \$5,000 which may not be reduced to less than \$1,000. - if prior violation of obedience to police officers, flaggers or firefighters (RCW 46.61.015 - misd), disorderly conduct (RCW 9A.84.030(1)(c) - misd), failure to disperse (9A.84.020 - misd), obstructing highways, obstructing highways in disregard for public safety, organizer or leader of obstructing highways in disregard for public safety or similar criminal behavior from other jurisdictions, a court finding violation under this section shall impose a minimum of 60 days and a monetary penalty of at least \$6,125 which may not be reduced to less than \$1,000.	Barkis Mosbrucker	H CSJR
6160 SB	Concerning penalties for unlawfully obstructing traffic.	 RCW 9A.84.020 - increases Failure to Disperse from a gross misd to a class C felony in instances when a person refuses to disperse from a public roadway and their refusal obstructs traffic. RCW 9A.84.030 - increases Disorderly Conduct from a misd to a gross misd when a person violations subsection (1)(c) of this section. 	MacEwen	SL&J

Change in Crime Definitions

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
<u>1967</u> HB	Excluding any person who is convicted of a hit and run resulting in death from being eligible for a first-time offender waiver	Adds Hit and Run - Death offense to list of offenses excluded from FTOW	Jacobsen	1/29/24 Exec session H CSJR
2220 HB	Concerning violent offenses.	> RCW 9.94A.030 - adds to the definition of Violent Offense Unlawful M/D/P wIntent to mfg or del opiates or similar drugs or substances classified in Sch II, heroin, a controlled subst classified in Sch I, a counterfeit subst classified in Sch II or a counterfeit subst which is heroin. > RCW 10.19.055 - adds violent offenses to the definition to offenses on which bail must be determined on an individualized basis by a judicial officer.	Rule	H CSJR
2477 HB	Expanding the circumstances that may constitute a major violation of the uniform controlled substances act.	RCW 9.94A.535 - Adds to the Aggravating Circumstances considered by a jury by expanding the definition of a major VUCSA to include the current offense involved the knowing delivery or distribution of fentanyl, precursor chemicals used in mfg of fentanyl or a counterfeit subst containing fentanyl and resulted in bodily harm, permanent impairment to cognitive functions or death.	Walsh	H CSJR
6051 SB	Concerning manslaughter when certain controlled substances are sold that result in death of the user.	RCW 9A.32.060 - adds to the definition of Manslaughter 1 when an indivintentionally and unlawfully delivers a contr subst that is Sch I or II in viol of RCW 69.50.401(2)(a,b,c) and the contr subst is used by the person to whom it was delivered resulting in the death of the user.	Braun	S L&J

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
<u>6070</u> SB	Concerning the most serious offenses.	RCW 9.94A.030 - adds to the list of offenses considered Most Serious: - Assault 3 - Burglary 2 - Residential Burglary - Robbery 2	Short	S L&J
<u>6133</u> SB	Deterring robberies from cannabis retail establishments.	RCW 9.94A.832 - adds "cannabis retail outlet and the defendant committed the robbery by using a vehicle to damage or gain access to the retail outlet" and "cannabis retail outlet and the defendant committed the robbery in concert with another individual or individuals" to the Robbery 1/2 special allegation.	McCune	1/29/24 Hearing @ 10:30a S L&J
<u>6217</u> SB	Deterring robberies from retail establishments.	> RCW 9.94A.832 - Under robbery of a pharmacy special allegation, robbery of a retail outlet and defendant committed robbery by using a vehicle to damage or gain access, and robbery of a retail outlet committed in concert with another indiv or individuals are added to the eligible list of offenses.	McCune	S L&J
<u>6261</u> SB	Concerning penalties for the theft and possession of stolen property, including theft from first responders.	 Adds another prong to Theft of Stolen Property 1 and Theft 1 to include property or equipment used by firefighters or emergency medical service providers in the course of duties. Increases the seriousness levels for Theft of Stolen Property 1 and Theft 1 to SL 3 from SL 2. RCW 9.94A.540 - adds mandatory minimums of 6 months to Stolen Property 1 and Theft 1 when convicted of possessing property or equipment used by firefighters or emergency medical service providers. 	Warnick	1/29/24 Hearing @ 10:30a S L&J

Reentry – voting

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
2030 HB	Revoking a	> Known as the Free Vote Act.	Simmons	1/16/24 Hearing @
	person's voting	> Modifies definition of 'infamous crime' to not include felonies not		1:30p H St Govt & Tribal
	rights only when	punishable by death.		Relations
	convicted of a state	> NEW SECTION - adds that a person's right to vote is revoked by reason of a		
	crime punishable	criminal conviction only if that person is convicted of an infamous crime.		
	by death	> RCW 29A.08.520 - modifies language so that persons convicted of		
		infamous crime will have their right to vote automatically restored when		
		person is no longer serving total confinement under DOC.		

Reentry - pilot

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
2057 HE	Creating a pilot project to assist incarcerated veterans' transition to civilian life.	Directs the Dept of Veterans Affairs to initiate the Reintegration Support for Incarcerated Veterans pilot project. Purpose is to assist with reintegration into civilian life through education, employment and decreasing homelessness following release. - Edmonds Community College must be the first site of the pilot project with a second location east of the Cascades, subject to appropriations.	Ryu	H Innovation, Community & Econ Development, and Veterans
		- Support will be provided through the use of reentry navigators.		
2203 HE	Creating a pilot project to assist incarcerated veterans.	Directs the Dept of Veterans Affairs to initiate the Reintegration Support for Incarcerated Veterans pilot project. Purpose is to assist with reintegration into civilian life through education, employment and decreasing homelessness following release. - SBCTC will select pilot project site located west of Cascades, with consideration given to Edmonds Community College. If a second project site is selected, it must be located east of the Cascades. - Support will be provided through the use of reentry navigators. - DVA shall coordinate with DOC at least annually to identify all veterans incarcerated within past 12 months.	Ryu	1/23/24 Passed out of H Innovation, Community & Econ Development, & Veterans

Department of Corrections

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
<u>5938</u> \$B	Modifying the community parenting alternative for eligible participants in the residential parenting program at the department of corrections.	RCW 9.94A.6551 - adds that an incarcerated indiv not sentenced under 9.94A.655 (PSA) but otherwise eligible who is participating in the residential parenting program at DOC, no more than the final 18 mos of confinement may be served in partial confinement as home detention as part of the parenting program developed by DOC. - Adds definition of Residential parenting program.	Wilson, C	1/25/24 Exec session S HS
2303 HB	Modifying conditions of community custody.	> RCW 9.94A.704 - directs DOC to also include indiv's crime of conviction and risk of reoffense when establishing or modifying additional conditions of supervision. - adds that regardless of the indiv's date of sentencing, the add'I conditions need not be crime-related if the conditions relate to either the risk of reoffense or risk to community safety. - adds that, on motion of defendant, the court may amend substantive supervision conditions set by DOC if court determines there is no substantial risk to community safety. The time limit for collateral attacks est under RCW 10.73.090 does not apply to any motion filed pursuant to this section. > RCW 9.94A.709 - eliminates the specification of persons convicted of sex offenses and makes the statute applicable to all persons on community custody. - adds that, on motion of defendant, the court may amend substantive supervision conditions set by DOC if court determines there is no substantial risk to community safety. The time limit for collateral attacks est under RCW 10.73.090 does not apply to any motion filed pursuant to this section. > RCW 9.94A.730 (JUVBOARD) - adds that any person released by the ISRB pursuant to this section shall comply with conditions imposed or	Goodman Simmons	1/29/24 Exec session H CSJR

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
		modified pursuant to RCW 9.94A.704(1), in addition to court-imposed conditions. > RCW 9.95.420 - allows the ESRB to add supervision conditions based on crime of conviction, risk of reoffense, or risk to community safety. The add'l conditions need not be crime-related if they are related to either risk of reoffense or risk to community safety. > RCW 10.95.030 - adds that any person convicted of Agg Murder 1 for an offense committed prior to age 18 shall comply with conditions imposed or modified pursuant to RCW 9.94a.704(10) in addition to court-imposed conditions. > NEW SECTION - applies to all sentenced to comm custody before, on or after the effective date of this section.		

Vacating Offense

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
2227 HB	Vacating a conviction for driving under the influence, actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence, or an offense considered a prior offense to such convictions.	 > RCW 9.96.060 - eliminates from the list of offenses where an indiv may not have the misd or gross mis record of conviction vacated when any of these are present: DUI, PC-DUI, or is considered a prior offense under RCW 46.61.5055 and the indiv has had subseq alcohol or drug violation within 10 yrs. - Adds language that every person convicted of DUI, PC-DUI or an offense considered a prior offense under RCW 46.61.5055 may apply to the sentencing court for a vacation of the conviction if the indiv has not had a subseq alcohol or drug-related traffic conviction in WA, another state or tribal court within 10 yrs of date of conviction. Court may vacate conviction if indiv qualifies. - Adds language establishing that a conviction vacated under this subsection qualifies as a prior conviction in determining a sentence for a conviction under RCW 46.61.520 if the Veh Hom occurred while driver was under the influence. 	Ortiz-Self	H CSJR

Restitution

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
<u>5841</u> SB	Requiring individuals	Allows the sentencing court to order restitution in the form of financial	Lovick	1/19/24 Passed to Rules
	convicted of offenses	support for each child or dependent for the crimes of DUI, Veh Hom - DUI		for 2 nd reading - S L&J
	related to driving	or Veh Assault - DUI resulting in death or permanent disability of a parent		
	under the influence to	or guardian.		
	pay financial support			
	to minor children and			
	dependents when the			
	offense results in the			
	death or disability of a			
	parent			

Pretrial Release

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
<u>6297</u> SB	Recognizing a	NEW SECTION: allows a judge who establishes conditions of release under	Gildon	S L&J
	court's authority to	RCW 10.21.020/030 which includes payment of bail to change the release		
	authorize a	condition to a personal recognizance release with nonmonetary conditions		
	defendant's direct	if:		
	transfer from jail to	- the defendant has an offer of admission to an inpatient or residential SUD		
	inpatient or	treatment facility, and		
	residential	- a trusted individual is available to escort defendant from jail to treatment		
	substance use	facility,		
	disorder	> Defendant under subsec (1) may bring the court a motion for pretrial		
	treatment.	release at any time they are able to satisfy the conditions specified.		

Reentry – Employment

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
Bill No. 2225 HB	Bill Title Giving people with criminal records who are rehabilitated a fresh start in occupational licensing in Washington.	> RCW 18.400.020 - requires the licensing authority to allow the indiv to have an informal meeting to address factors in subsec 2 (nature of offense). > RCW 18.400.030 - adds to the list on which the licensing authority may not disqualify an indiv based on vacated or overturned conviction, deferred adjudication, participation in a diversion program, nonviolent misd, conviction older than 3 yrs for which indiv was not incarcerated, or a conviction where the incarceration ended more than 3 yrs before the date of the authority's consideration, except for convictions related to criminal sexual act, aggr assault, aggr robbery, aggr abuse, neglect or endangerment of a child, arson, carjacking, kidnapping, manslaughter, homicide, and murder.	Sponsor Thai	H Consumer Prot & Business
		> RCW 9.96A.020 - adds language that persons are not disqualified from employment by the state or local govts or from practicing, pursuing any occupation, trade, vocation for which a license or permit is required to be issued by the state or local govts because of a prior misd (already includes felony). - Restricts prior convictions from being considered if they have been sealed, dismissed, expunged, vacated, overturned, or pardoned; are a juv adjudication; a deferred adjudication or participation in a diversion program; a nonviolent misd; or a conviction older than 3 yrs for which indiv was not incarcerated or a conviction where the incarceration ended more than 3 yrs before the date of the authority's consideration.		

Second Look

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary	Sponsor	Committee
2478 HB	Postconviction	> RCW 9.94A.501 - adds that DOC shall supervise any indiv granted	Hackney	H CSJR
	review, clemency,	conditional commutation.	Goodman	
	and pardons.	> RCW 9.94A.565 - modifies eligibility for those sentenced to LWOP to be		
		considered for release by removing the age (60) criterion, and adding to no		
		longer being a threat to society, having served 20 yrs in total confinement or		
		25 yrs if the indiv was sentenced to Aggr Murder, and commutation that		
		includes a period of law-abiding behavior in the community.		
		> RCW 9.94A.633 - Adds a community custody violation sanction for those		
		granted conditional commutation where the indiv may be transferred to a		
		more restrictive confinement status to serve up to the remaining portion of		
		the sentence, less credit for any period actually spent in the community or in		
		detention awaiting disposition of alleged violation.		
		> RCW 9.94A.880 - increases the Clemency and Pardons Board by adding 5		
		more members, making designations for 6 of those positions.		
		- allows members to receive compensation.		
		- requires each petition for commutation shall be reviewed by 5 board		
		members selected randomly.		
		> RCW 9.94A.885 - further defines commutation of sentences "of		
		incarcerated individuals when the sentence no longer serves the interest of justice".		
		- requires the board to consider statements by victims and survivors of		
		victims, and law enforcement agencies that conducted investigation.		
		- increases notification to PAO from 30 to 90 days		
		- directs PAO on obtaining victim impact statements		
		- directs the board on providing notification to victims, etc.		
		- allows the board to recommend conditions of commutation including term		
		of comm cust up to length of court-imposed term of incarceration, partial		
		confinement up to 6 mos, restriction on travel, NCOs, employment		
		restrictions, etc.		
		> NEW SECTION - outlines actions board may take in response to petitions		
		and the factors and information the board shall consider when making its		

decision directs the board to consider a release plan for indiv lists the conditions for commutation the board may include allows petitioners who have been denied to file a new petition 3 yrs from date of denial allows information contained in petition or submitted to the board to be subject to public disclosure. > NEW SECTION - requires the board to provide the gov and legislature an annual report of its work, including names of persons granted clemency or pardons, crimes convicted by them and any knowns acts of recidivism.	
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