#### **New Crimes/Offense Rank/Definition**

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary as Relates to SGC	Sponsor	Committee
<u>1101</u> HB	Concerning vehicular homicide offenses.	>RCW 9.94A.030 - Adds Veh Hom - Disregard for Safety of Others to definition of Most Serious Offense and definition of Violent Offense.	Jacobsen	1/30/25 Exec session 1/21/25 H CS hearing @ 4p
1180 HB	Implementing certain recommendations from the sex offender policy board concerning the criminal offense of failure to register.	> RCW 9.94A.515 - Removes FTRSO - 2nd or subsequent as SL 2 offense. > RCW 9A.44.132 - Eliminates language pertaining to number of sex offense convictions for adult class C FTR-SO. Eliminates the class B level FTR-SO - second or subsequent. PAO's are encouraged to take a diversionary approach when receiving first time referrals. > RCW 9A.44.140 - Clarifies that when an adult is convicted of any sex/kidnapping offense the one or more prior convictions must be requiring registration to qualify for lifetime supervision. > RCW 9.94A.030 - Eliminates from the definition of sex offense FTR-SO if the person had been convicted of FTR-SO prior to 6/10/2010. > RCW 9A.44.144 - Extinguishes the legal obligation to register on the effective date of this section if a person has an existing legal obligation to register as a SO due to conviction for sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 as in effect prior to this effective date. Requires each registering agency by 8/1/25 to review and remove all persons from SO registry who no longer have a duty to register. > New Section - the act applies to all charged pending or filed on or after the effective date of this section alleging the person committed FTR-SO under RCW 9A.44.132 where the offense date occurred prior to the effective date of this section. > RCW 9.94A.701 - Directs the court to sentence an indiv to 2 yrs of comm custody for a 2nd or subsequent adult FTR-SO. > RCW 72.09.270 - Directs DOC to include in a reentry plan identification of barriers to registration and incl resources and tools to support compliance and improve function in the community for indiv committed to DOC for a sex offense or FTR offense. > New Section - directs WASPC to review model policy developed under RCW 4.24.5501 and model policy for WA LE regarding adult/juv SO registration and community notification to identity opportunities to utilize technology and streamline	Farivar Goodman	2/3/25 H CS hearing @ 1:30p

	registration processes. They must report findings 12/1/25 and update model policy by 6/1/26.		
Concerning commercial sexual exploitation.	> RCW 9A.88.110 - Changes the offense of Patronizing a Prostitute (misdemeanor) to Commercial Sexual Exploitation and makes it an unranked class C felony.  > RCW 9A.88.120 - increases the financial fee assessments from \$2,500 to \$3,000 for indiv who are convicted, given a deferred sentence/prosecution or entered into a statutory/nonstatutory diversion agreement for violation RCW 9A.88.120	Stearns	2/4/25 H CS hearing @ 4p
Concerning exceptional	> RCW 9.94A.535 - Modifies a current aggravating factor from "the offense resulted in the pregnancy of a child victim of rape" to "the offense resulted in the pregnancy of a	Salahuddin	2/3/25 H CS hearing @ 1:30p
sentences for offenses which result in the pregnancy of a victim of rape.	victim of rape".	Dhingra	
Updating the endangerment with a controlled substance statute.	Modifies RCW 9A.42.100 to change the elements of the crime of endangerment w/a CS from knowingly and intentionally to knowingly and recklessly permitting any child, instead of a dependent child, or dependent adult to have contact with, including absorb a CS other than cannabis, unless it was through a prescription.	Braun	1/24/25 Passed to Rules 2 review 1/23/25 1 <sup>st</sup> sub passed S L&J
	Narrows the expansion of the offense of Endangerment with a Controlled Substance to fentanyl or synthetic opioids, excepting drugs provided or prescribed during delivering of health care services, instead of to all controlled substances except cannabis.		
Concerning offenses involving child sex dolls.	> RCW 9.68A.011 - adds definitions of 'child sex doll'.  > New Section - Creates a new offenses:  - Trafficking a Child Sex Doll, class B felony (each doll constitutes a separate offense)  - Mfg a Child Sex Doll, class B felony (each doll constitutes a separate offense)  - Sending/Bringing into State a Child Sex Doll, class B felony (each doll constitutes a separate offense)  - Possession of a Child Sex Doll, class B felony (each doll constitutes a separate offense)  > New Section - establishes a \$1,000 fee for each separate conviction which shall be deposited into the child rescue fund created in RCW 9.68A.200	Orwall	1/27/25 S L&J Hearing @10:30a
	commercial sexual exploitation.  Concerning exceptional sentences for offenses which result in the pregnancy of a victim of rape.  Updating the endangerment with a controlled substance statute.  Concerning offenses involving	concerning commercial sexual exploitation.  > RCW 9A.88.110 - Changes the offense of Patronizing a Prostitute (misdemeanor) to Commercial sexual exploitation.  > RCW 9A.88.120 - increases the financial fee assessments from \$2,500 to \$3,000 for indiv who are convicted, given a deferred sentence/prosecution or entered into a statutory/nonstatutory diversion agreement for violation RCW 9A.88.120  > RCW 9.94A.535 - Modifies a current aggravating factor from "the offense resulted in the pregnancy of a citim of rape."  Updating the endangerment with a controlled substance statute.  Modifies RCW 9A.42.100 to change the elements of the crime of endangerment with a controlled substance statute.  Modifies RCW 9A.42.100 to change the elements of the crime of endangerment w/a CS from knowingly and intentionally to knowingly and recklessly permitting any child, instead of a dependent child, or dependent adult to have contact with, including absorb a CS other than cannabis, unless it was through a prescription.  Adopted amendment:  Narrows the expansion of the offense of Endangerment with a Controlled Substance to fentanyl or synthetic opioids, excepting drugs provided or prescribed during delivering of health care services, instead of to all controlled substances except cannabis.  Concerning offenses involving child sex dolls.  - RCW 9.68A.011 - adds definitions of 'child sex doll'.  - New Section - Creates a new offenses:  - Trafficking a Child Sex Doll, class B felony (each doll constitutes a separate offense)  - Sending/Bringing into State a Child Sex Doll, class B felony (each doll constitutes a separate offense)  - Possession of a Child Sex Doll, class B felony (each doll constitutes a separate offense)  - Possession of a Child Sex Doll, class B felony (each doll constitutes a separate offense)  - New Section - establishes a \$1,000 fee for each separate conviction which shall be	Second

		> RCW 9.94A.515 - ranks the new offenses as follows: - Mfg a Child Sex Doll at SL7 - Sending/Bringing into State a Child Sex Doll at SL7 - Trafficking a Child Sex Doll at SL7 - Possession of a Child Sex Doll at SL6		
<u>5268</u> SB	Classifying unlawful possession of a firearm as a violent offense.	> RCW 9.94A.030 - adds to the list of offenses defined as violent offenses Unlawful Possession of FA 1 and 2.  UPFA1 = class B, SL7; UPFA2 = class C, SL3	Wagoner	1/30/25 Exec session 1/28/25 S L&J Hearing @8am
<u>5323</u> SB	Concerning the penalties for theft and possession of stolen property from first responders.	> RCW 9A.56.150 - adds to the definition of Possessing Stolen Property 1 if the property was used by firefighters or EMS providers.  > RCW 9A.56.030 - adds to the definition of Theft 1 if the property was used by firefighters or EMS providers.  SB 6261 (2024) – SGC voted CON: The SGC opposes SB 6261 for the following reasons: 1) it adds complexity to the SRA, 2) as noted in the SGC's 2019 report on the Sentencing Reform Act, the use of mandatory minimums removes judicial discretion, hinders individualized sentencing, and can increase unwarranted disparity, and 3) this offense could apply to inexpensive items, for example, gloves or Band-Aids stolen from the ER. 3) increasing these offenses is contrary to the ranking recommendation by the SGC.	Warnick	1/30/25 Exec session 1/28/25 S L&J Hearing @8am

#### **Juveniles**

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary as Relates to SGC	Sponsor	Committee
<u>1248</u> HB	Improving the	> RCW 13.40.080 - Extends a diversion agreement to beyond the indiv's 21st birthday,	Couture	1/22/25 H EL&HS
	effectiveness of	out from their 18th.		hearing @ 1:30p
	juvenile justice	- Adds that the court may not terminate a diversion agreement on or after the indiv's		
	programs by	21 birthday and, thereafter, any pending info on the case diverted and any pending		
	providing ongoing	motion to terminate shall be dismissed with prejudice and the matter shall remain		
	evaluations and	criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020 unless sealed or destroyed.		
	clarifying juvenile	- Adds that a diversion may not supervise the fulfillment of a diversion agreement on		
	diversion practices.	or after the indiv's 21st birthday.		

	- Adds that a diversion may not be entered for an offense committed on or after the indiv's 18th birthday.		
1274 HB Concerning retroactively applying the requirement to exclude certain juvenile convictions from an offender score regardless of the date of the offense.	> New Section - Entitles indiv sentenced for an offense committed <7/23/23 whose CHS was incr due to juv adju that are not scorable under RCW 9.94A.525 enacted as of the time a petition is filed under this section to a resentencing hearing if: - currently incar in total conf with release date of =>7/1/26; - until 7/1/27 the indiv has served at least 50% of sent or served at least 15 yrs of sent; - after 7/1/28 the indiv has served at least 25% of sent or served at least 5 yrs of sent; - after 7/1/29 the indiv has served at least 10% of sent or served at least 5 yrs of sent; - after 7/1/29 the indiv has served any amount of time on their sent. > Directs court to grant petition if indiv meeting specific criteria, to start scheduling resentencing hearings after 1/1/26. > Provides criteria under which the court may deny a petition for resentencing. > At resentencing hearing, court shall sentence as if juv adju were not part of the indiv's score at time of original sentencing. The soonest allowable release date may be no sooner than 6 mos after hearing. > If petition is denied, indiv file new petition in 3 yrs upon a showing of a change in circumstances. > Counsel can be appointed subject to availability of amounts appropriated for this purpose. > Ensures that victims, survivors of victims and witnesses of crimes are afforded the opportunity to make a statement that will be considered during the hearing and offers other resources and services. > Indiv sentenced on or after eff date of this section for offense committed <7/23/23 whose CHS would incr due to juv adju that are not scorable under RCW 9.94A.525 as enacted at the time of sentencing. > This section applies retroactively incar on eff date regardless of date of offense or conviction.  HB 2065/SB 5971 (2024) – SGC voted PRO: The SGC supports HB 2065 and emphasizes the importance of the Legislature adequately funding the bill.	Stearns Simmons	1/28/25 H CS hearing @4p

1317 HB	Concerning	> RCW 9.94A.510 - changes SL 16 to read "Sentence established by RCW 10.95.030".	Hackney	1/30/25 Exec
	persons serving	> RCW 9.94A.540 - Modifies the mandatory minimum language to state that Aggr	Goodman	session
	long sentences for	Murder committed prior to the indiv's 21st birthday, instead of 18th birthday, shall be		1/20/25 H CS
	offenses	sentenced to a term of total confinement "that is consistent with RCW 10.95.030" and		hearing @1:30p
	committed prior to	adds juvenile board cases to the list of exclusions to being eligible for comm custody,		
	reaching 21 years	ERT, furlough, etc.		
	of age.	> RCW 9.94A.570 - Removes language related to a death sentence for Aggr Murder.		
		- Allows someone with a PO sentence to be released from confinement by the board		
		under RCW 9.94A.730 or 10.95.030(2).		
		> RCW 9.94A.728 - Changes the language related to being released by DOC to those		
		who committed crimes prior to their 21st birthday, instead of 18th birthday.		
		> RCW 9.94A.730 - Changes the requirement for person to serve 15, instead of 20 yrs,		
		prior to petitioning ISRB for those convicted of 1 or more crimes committed <21st		
		birthday.		
		- Increases the age of juvenile board cases from 18th to 21st birthday.		
		- Allows indiv convicted of Murder 1 committed <21st birthday to petition ISRB for		
		early release after serving no less than 20 yrs, with caveats.		
		- Allows indiv convicted of Aggr Murder committed <21st birthday to petition the ISRB		
		for early release after serving no less than 25 yrs, with caveats.		
		> RCW 10.95.030 - Adds that indiv convicted of Aggr Mur committed 18-20 yrs old shall		
		be sentenced to a max term of life and min term of no less than 25 yrs if the court		
		determines mitigating factors account for the diminished culpability of youth apply.		
		- Allows indiv convicted of one or more crimes <21st birthday to petition ISRB for early		
		release after serving no less than 25 yrs, with caveats, and the current sentence was		
		not a Det-Plus sentence.		
		- Eliminates language related to the petition process, hearings and post release		
		supervision and replaces with language that "petitions for early release shall be subject		
		to the provisions of RCW 9.94A.730(2-8).		
		> New Section - repeals RCW 10.95.035 (Return of person to sentencing court if		
		sentenced prior to June 1, 2014 under this chapter or any prior law, for a term of life		
		without the possibility of parole for an offense committed prior to 18th birthday).		
		> New Section - Act applies retroactively to persons incarcerated on the effective date		
		of this section, regardless of the date of the offense or conviction.		

1322 HB	Improving	> RCW 13.40.160 - Changes that juvenile standard range dispositions are determined	Goodman	1/15/25 Ref'd to H
	outcomes for	according to the juvenile sentencing grid (RCW 13.40.0357) and this section for	Cortes	EL&HS
5296 SB	individuals	Murder 1/2, Rape 1, Assault 1 committed 16+ yrs, Drive-by Shooting committed at 16+		
	adjudicated of	yrs, and Kidnapping 1 committed 16+ yrs.	Wilson, C	2/3/25 S HS
	juvenile offenses	- Adds that, except for those offenses, prior to sentencing a juv to a standard range	,	hearing @ 1:30p
	by increasing	under Option A for a term exceeding 30 days, the court shall make an indep filing that		- 1 0 C - 1 1 p
	opportunities for	commitment to an institution is needed because a community-based placement would		
	community	not adequately protect the community. A stipulation along is not sufficient to support		
	placement options	indep finding. Factors to be considered by court are listed.		
	and refining	- If the court does not make a finding for commitment to an institution, the court may		
	procedural	place the youth on EHM for up to min of standard range while on comm supv.		
	requirements.	- If the court does make a finding for commitment to an institution, the court must		
	•	maintain concurrent juris over the youth, along with DCYF, and must hold review		
		hearings as described in RCW 13.40.185(3).		
		- Allows dispos outside the standard range to be subject to the review hearings when		
		appropriate. A dispo with a term of conf 30 days or less or within the stand range is not		
		appealable, but other dispos with a term of >30 days are appealable.		
		- Adds restrictions to when the court may impose a dispo alternative under RCW		
		13.40.165 to incl: A+ offense, sex offense (RCW 9.94A.030), Assault 1 committed at		
		16+yrs, Drive-by Shooting committed at 16+ yrs or Kidnapping 1 committed at 16+ yrs.		
		- Eliminates option for court to impose dispo alt if juv is subject to commitment of 15-		
		65 wks conf and imposing disp alt in a county with pilot program under RCW		
		13.40.169.		
		- Requires that CFTS be applied to any term of conf incl to reduce both min and max		
		terms of the prescribed range to which the youth has been committed.		
		> RCW 13.40.165 - Expands eligibility for subst use disorder or MH disp alternatives to		
		exclude only A+ offenses.		
		> RCW 13.40.185 - Adds that juv court maintains concurrent juris with DCYF over cases		
		where conf exceeds 30 days. Juv with min conf of <60 days incl CFTS, the juv may be		
		conf to a detention facility for up to 10 days after disp hearing. If DCYF determines		
		release date would occur <60days, remaining conf maybe served in detention facility		
		or EHM.		

<u>5260</u> SB	Concerning emergency measures for managing juvenile populations at state juvenile correctional institutions.	> New Section - allows any person who is at least 18 yrs and is in a facility operated by DCYF may request to be transferred to the custody of DOC. The requester shall have 3 days to reconsider the transfer and, if continued, will be transferred to DOC within 10 days.  > Secretaries of DOC and DCYF shall develop a form and process.  > New Section - Act to be known as the Youth Rehabilitation Pathways Act and takes effect immediately.	Christian	2/3/25 S HS hearing @1:30p
5278 SB	Concerning emergency measures for managing juvenile populations at state juvenile correctional institutions.	> New Section - Directs DCYF to promulgate rules establishing safe operational capacity of all juvenile correctional institutions and CF under its control. > New Section - Allows DCYF to transfer sufficient number of indiv from secure institution to CF when in-residence exceeds 105% of rated bed capacity. Creates a list of indiv who may not be transferred When in-residence pop of any secure juv correctional facility exceeds 105% and rehab goals cannot be met, the secretary shall transfer sufficient number of indiv to DOC. Creates a list of indiv who shall be transferred. > New Section - Allows indiv who is at least 18 hrs and is placed in a juv correctional facility may request to be transferred to DOC. Lists factors the DCYF shall consider for request. > RCW 72.01.410 - Adds that any assault or serious bodily harm to staff or inappropriate sexual relations between staff and incar indiv shall be deemed a significant safety risk for the purposes of considering retaining custody of indiv at DCYF Directs DCYF to transfer indiv under age 25 to DOC if there is sexual intercourse or contact between employee and indiv, unless indiv was a victim; the indiv assaults a DCYF employee or staff while performing official duties. Notes that hearing requirements under RCW 13.40.280 do not apply to indiv transferring to DOC under this subsection. > New Section - Allows juv at DCYF to be transferred to DOC if DCYF determines retaining indiv presents a significant safety risk Juv shall be transferred to DOC if DCYF believes that sexual intercourse or contact occurred between employee and indiv, unless the indiv was a victim, or the indiv assaults an employee or staff while performing official duties - Directs DOC to place transferred juv under age 18 in a housing unit that is separated	Braun	2/3/25 S HS hearing @ 1:30p

				,
		from others who are 18+ until indiv reaches age 18. Indiv who reaches age 18 may remain in separate housing unit if DOC determines the indiv's needs and rehab goals would be better met, the housing unit would not be substantially affected by the continued placement of indiv.  - Indiv under 18 may be placed in IMU or AdSeg containing indiv 18+ yrs if necessary for safety or security of indiv or staff. Juv will be kept physically separare from others at all times.  > RCW 13.40.280 - Eliminates language requiring a hearing at DCYF for assaults made against staff that are reported to local LE.  - Requires the following offenses to have a hearing by DCYF and families review board within 10 judicial working days: Prison riot or possession of any narcotic drug or CS, alcohol, cannabis, or other intoxicant, or cell phone or other form of electronoic telecommunications device.  - Adds the following convictions for when DCYF will hold a second hearing custodial assault, prison riot or possession of contraband and the indiv was not transferred to DOC after first hearing.		
<u>5426</u> SB	Improving	> RCW 13.40.020 - adds that a successfully completed diversion under RCW 13.40.080	Wilson, C	1/29/25 S HS
1391 HB	developmentally appropriate	may not be considered part of criminal history. > RCW 13.40.080 - does not allow a juv's parent/guardian to decline to enter into a	Cortes	hearing @8am
1331116	alternatives for	diversion agreement on behalf of the juv and cannot prevent a juv from entering into a	Cortes	2/5/25 H EL&HS
	youth outside the	diversion agreement.		hearing @ 1:30p
	formal court	- adds attendance at restorative justice session as a component of a diversion		
	process.	agreement.		
		- extends the age in which a diversion agreement may extend from 18th to 21st birthday.		
		- Adds to due process afforded to divertees and potential divertees that courts may		
		not terminate a diversion agreement on or after the juv's 21st birthday and thereafter		
		any pending information in the case diverted and any pending motion to terminate		
		shall be dismissed with prejudice.		
		- Eliminates language that the juv shall be advised that a diversion agreement shall constitute a part of their criminal history.		
		- Adds that a diversion may not be entered into for an offense committed on or after		
		the juv's 18th birthday.		

> RCW 13.06.030 - Includes programs and services developed for referred and diverted youth to consolidated juvenile services by DCYF.	
> New Section - directs DCYF to establish a grant program to support community-based	
programs that divert youth from entering or reentering the juv justice system, subject to availability of funds.	
> New Section - directs AOC in consultation with DCYF and WAJCA to develop common	
definitions, outcome measures, and data collections methods for information and formal juv diversion programs, subject to available funding.	
> RCW 2.56.032 - Directs AOC to deliver an annual statewide report to the Leg on	
specific details related to diversion agreements.	

#### Reentry

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary as Relates to SGC	Sponsor	Committee
1239 HB	Preparing incarcerated people for successful reentry upon release from	> RCW 9.94A.729 - Modifies earned release time (ERT) for confinement set to be completed on or after 7/1/25 up to 33.33% of the total sentence, with stipulation for consecutive sents and sent enh. The following are ineligible for ERT: federal sent served at DOC; out of state sent served at DOC, juvenile sent under Title 13 RCW; LRA under Chapter 71.05 RCW; civil commitment; mand min sent under RCW 9.94A.540;	Doglio	1/28/25 H CS hearing @4p
	a correctional facility.	PO sent under RCW 9.94A.570, SSOSA, and Aggr Murder sent.  > Clarifies that a juvenile sentenced to Aggr Murder is ineligible for ERT during the min term of conf imposed by court; for any remaining portion the aggregate ERT may not exceed 33.33%.  > Adds that an indiv qualified to earn up to 50% ERT shall not lose ERT accrued before 7/1/25.  > New Section - DOC shall recalculate the earned release date for any indiv currently incarcerated or sentenced after the effective date of this section.  > New Section - Recalculations of ERT pursuant to this act do not create any expectation that the % of ERT will be revised before 7/1/26 nor a reason to conclude that the max % of ERT is an entitlement or creates any liberty interest.  > RCW 9.94A.728 - Adds that for eligible indiv under RCW 9.94A.733(1)(c), after serving		
		13 yrs in total conf, an indiv may serve no more than the final 18 mos in partial conf in work release or other GRE facility with up to final 6 mos in partial conf as home		

detention as part of GRE prog.	
> RCW 9.94A.733 - Requires that indiv eligible for work release and home detention	
under subsection (1)(c) may not participate in GRE unless they have served at least 13	
yrs in total conf.	
- An indiv may serve no more than the final 18 mos of conf in work release or other	
GRE and 6 mos on home detention as part of GRE prog.	
- Requires that indiv must be serving a sentence of no less than 15 yrs.	
- Restricts those subject to deportation order, part of interstate compact, ISRB juris or	
under juris of the long-term juvenile board.	

#### Miscellaneous

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary as Relates to SGC	Sponsor	Committee
<u>1074</u> HB	Excluding any person who is	Adds Hit and run resulting in death (RCW 46.52.020(4)(a)) to the list of offenses excluded from receiving a first-time offense waiver per RCW 9.94A.650.	Jacobsen	1/21/25 H CS hearing @ 4p
	convicted of a hit and run resulting in death from being			
	eligible for a first- time offender waiver.			
<u>1110</u> HB	Vacating	> RCW 9.96.060 - Removes all current DUI, DUI-PC offenses, and any predicate DUI	Ortiz-Self	1/30/25 Exec
	convictions for	offenses from the list of reasons an applicant may not have the record of conviction for	Goodman	session
	driving under the	a misd or GM offense vacated		1/21/25 H CS
	influence.	> Adds new section allowing persons convicted of DUI, DUI-PC, or a predicate DUI offense to apply to sentencing court for a vacation of record of conviction of the		hearing @ 4p
		offense if the applicant has not had a subsequent alcohol or drug-related traffic		
		conviction anywhere within 5 yrs of the date of conviction.		
		> Adds that these vacated DUI records qualify as 'prior offenses' under RCW		
		46.61.502(6) (felony DUI), 46.61.504(6) (felony DUI-PC) and 46.61.5055 (DUI) in a later		
		criminal prosecution of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 if the later prosecution is within		
		15 yrs of the date of the conviction for the vacated conviction. In this case, the court		
		may use the vacated conviction in determining a sentencing or whether the		

		subsequent conviction qualifies as a felony under RCW 46.61.5055.  > Adds that these vacated DUI records qualify as a prior conviction in determining a sentence for Veh Hom - DUI.		
1113 HB	Concerning accountability and access to services for individuals charged with a misdemeanor.	> Known as the public supporting accountability and fast, effective treatment act or public SAFE-T act. > New Section - Allows the courts of limited jurisdiction, upon the motion of either party, to dismiss a defendant's simple misd or GM pursuant to certain requirements. Provides a list of offenses/violations/equivalent local ordinances that are not eligible.	Farivar Goodman Simmons	2/3/25 H CS hearing @ 1:30p
1487 HB 5362 SB	Concerning victims of crime act funding.	> New Section - directs the legislature to include in the annual budget bill funding to be added to the funding received under the Federal Victims of Crime Act. Directs the OCVA to award funds with specific direction as to what it is to be used for.	Davis Dhingra	1/21/25 Ref'd to H Approps 2/3/25 S L&J hearing @ 10:30a
5005 SB 1424 HB	Concerning transparency, public safety, and independent oversight of the city, county, and regional jail system in WA state	Establishes the jail oversight board within the office of the governor to ensure transparency, support safe and humane conditions for jail employees and incarcerated individuals, promote reform toward a more rehabilitative and therapeutic jail system, reduce jails' exposure to litigation, and promote cost savings.	Saldaña	1/29/25 Exec session 1/21/25 Hearing S HS @1:30p
<u>5219</u> SB	Concerning partial confinement eligibility and alignment.  Requested by Governor's Office	> RCW 9.94A.030 - Increases amount of time for partial confinement from no more than one year to up to 18 mos.  > RCW 9.94A.6551 - Increases amount of time indiv can spend in partial conf as home detention as part of Parenting program and removes exception for those not sentenced under RCW 9.94A.655 (PSA).  > Adds to the criteria when the secretary may transfer an indiv from correctional facility to home detention to include that the incar indiv may be "an indiv expected to take over the duties of a parent and be responsible for exercising the day-to-day care and control of a minor child".  > Allows DOC to extend the duration of participation in the alternative program by no more than 6 mos or up to the ERD, whichever comes first if the indiv's ERD changes after placement in partial conf under this section.	Wilson, C	1/29/25 Exec Session 1/21/25 Hearing S HS @ 1:30p

> Eliminates the definition of 'residential parenting program'.	
> RCW 9.94A.733 - Expands the amount of time persons may spend on GRE and	
reduces the amount of time persons must serve to participate on GRE.	
> RCW 9.94A.728 - Increases the amount of the final months of confinement that may	
be served in partial conf from 12 to 18.	
> New Section - states the changes to restrictions on the community parenting	
alternative and partial confinement under sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 apply prospectively	
and retroactively.	

#### **Community Supervision**

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary as Relates to SGC	Sponsor	Committee	
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#### **Second Look**

Bill No.	Bill Title	Bill Summary as Relates to SGC	Sponsor	Committee	Ī
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