Legislation that may be of interest to the SOPB

For your situational awareness, this handout consists of a list of legislative bills that may be of interest to the Sex Offender Policy Board and/or related to some of the previous and/or ongoing work by the SOPB. The intent of the document is to share current information. Information is current as of 3/22/2023.

Bill	Bill Information	Additional Notes
House Bill 1394 - Original - Substitute - Engrossed Substitute	An ACT Relating to creating a developmentally appropriate response to youth who commit sexual offenses; amending RCW 3 18.155.020, 9A.44.128, 9A.44.130, 9A.44.132, 9A.44.140, 13.40.162, and 9A.44.145; adding a new section to chapter 13.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9A.44 RCW; creating a new section; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.	- Current status as of 3/22/23: Referred to Senate Ways and Means.
	 Brief Summary of Original Bill: Places limits on when a juvenile is required register in the sex offender registry based on committing a sex offense. Reduces the time period a person adjudicated in juvenile court must register as a sex offender to two years, but a prosecutor may request an extension for up to an additional two years. Reduces the classification of failing to register as a sex offender to a gross misdemeanor for individuals who are required to register based on the commission of a juvenile sex offense. 	
	 Brief Summary of Substitute Bill: Places limits on when a juvenile is required register in the sex offender registry based on committing a sex offense. Reduces the time period a person adjudicated in juvenile court must register as a sex offender to two or three years. Reduces the classification of failing to register as a sex offender to a gross misdemeanor for individuals who are required to register based on the commission of a juvenile sex offense. 	
	 Brief Summary of Engrossed Substitute Bill: Places limits on when a juvenile is required register in the sex offender registry based on committing a sex offense. Reduces the time period a person adjudicated in juvenile court must register as a sex offender to two or three years. Reduces the classification of failing to register as a sex offender to a gross misdemeanor for 	

	individuals who are required to register based on	
	the commission of a juvenile sex offense.	
Senate Bill 5543	An ACT Relating to creating a developmentally appropriate response to youth who commit sexual offenses; amending RCW 3 18.155.020, 9A.44.128, 9A.44.130, 9A.44.132, 9A.44.140, 13.40.162, and 9A.44.145; adding a new section to chapter 13.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9A.44 RCW; creating a new section; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.	 Companion bill to HB 1394 In-person testimony to Committee by SOPB Chair
	 Brief Summary of the Bill: Places limits on when a juvenile is required to register in the sex offender registry, based on committing a sex offense. Reduces the time period a person adjudicated in juvenile court must register as a sex offender to two years, and allows prosecutors to request an extension up to an additional two years. Reduces the classification of failing to register as a sex offender to a gross misdemeanor for individuals who committed a juvenile sex offense. 	
Senate Bill 5690	An ACT Relating to conditional release transition teams; amending RCW 10.77.110, 10.77.150, 10.77.175, and 10.77.160; and reenacting and amending RCW 10.77.010.	On 3/10/23: Senate Rules 'X' file. Placed on second reading by Rules Committee on 3/7/23
Senate Bill 5033 - Original - Substitute	An ACT Relating to reclassifying the sentence for the crime of custodial sexual misconduct; amending RCW 9A.44.160, 9A.44.170, and 9.94A.515; and prescribing penalties.	Current status as of 3/22/23: Rules suspended. Placed on third reading.
	 Brief Summary of Bill: Increases the classification of the offenses of Custodial Sexual Misconduct in the First and Second Degree (CSM 1 and 2) to a class B and class C felony. Increases the penalty range for CSM 1 and 2 to seriousness levels VII and V. 	
	Brief Summary of Bill: Increases the classification of the offenses of Custodial Sexual Misconduct in the First and Second Degree (CSM 1 and 2) to a class B and class C felony. Increases the penalty range for CSM 1 and 2 to seriousness levels VII and V.	

House Bill 1541

- <u>Original</u> <u>Bill</u>
- Engrossed
 Second
 Substitute

An ACT Relating to increasing access and representation in policy-making processes for people with direct lived experience; adding a new chapter to Title 43 CRW; creating new sections; providing and effective date; and providing an expiration date.

Brief Summary of Bill:

- Implements certain membership requirements for statutory entities, defined as any statutorily created or statutorily mandated multimember task force, work group, advisory committee, council, commission, or other similar entity that is tasked with examining policies that directly and tangibly affect a particular underrepresented population.
- Requires various reports by the Office of Equity on the effectiveness of the membership requirements for statutory entities, among other information

<u>Brief Summary of Engrossed Second Substitute</u> <u>Senate Bill Report:</u>

- Establishes certain membership requirements for task forces, work groups, and advisory committees that report to the Legislature on issues directly and tangibly affecting underrepresented populations.
- Requires reports on information including the effectiveness of the membership requirements under the act.
- Requires the creation and distribution of education materials, such as a toolkit on best practices, to support meaningful engagement.

Companion bill to SB 5616

Status as of 3/22/23: Scheduled for executive session in the Senate Committee on State Government & Elections